

Solar district heating

18.09.2014

B.Eng. Ole Eichhorst

AGFW | Energy efficiency association for heating, cooling and CHP

Germany, Frankfurt am Main



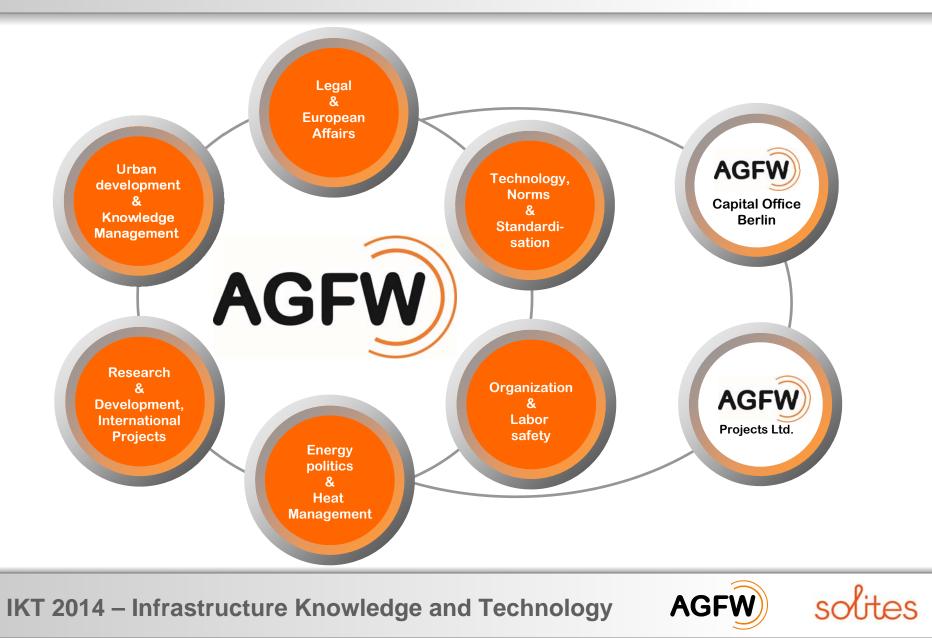


- AGFW is the independent and impartial association in Germany promoting energy efficiency, (district) heating, cooling and CHP at national and international levels
- AGFW reunites round about 500 (regional and municipal) district energy suppliers, consultants and industrial operators of this industry (component and system manufacturers, manufacturing and assembling companies, testing institutes, ...) in Germany and Europe
- AGFW represents over 95 % of the heat load connected to German district heating systems – the largest scale in Western Europe.
- AGFW means over 40 years of experience in this field. Established 1971 we have a long and distinguished track record of delivering energy efficiency solutions to our members and to the society



Who we are







- Project SDHplus
- Integration of solar plants in district heating grids
- Multifunction thermal energy storage
- Munich storage construction
- Smart District Heating
- Project results





Project SDHplus

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- Business models for solar district heating
- Case studies for 'first-of-its-kind'-plants and innovative DH net integrations
- Marketing approaches for distict heating with solar heat
- One-to-one coaching of learning countries ES, FR, HR, LT, PL, SI
- International SDH conferences and workshops

Duration: July 2012 – June 2015 Implementation in 12 EU-countries

German partner (coordination):



Supported by:



Intelligent Energy Europe Programme of the European Union

Bundesministerium für Wirtschaft und Energie

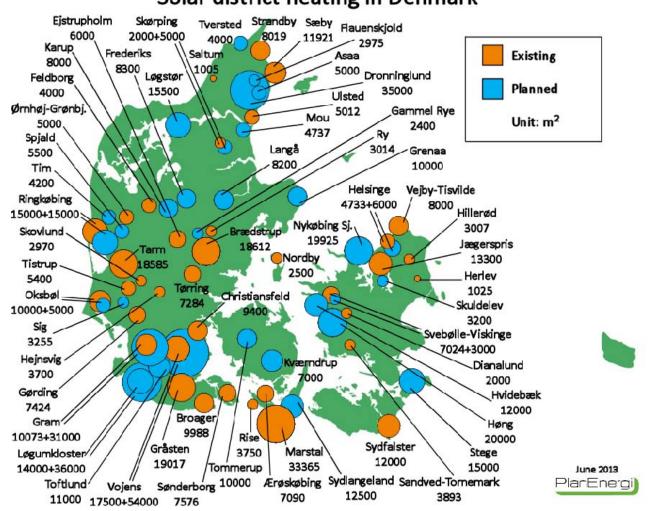
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Solar local and district heating booms in Denmark





Solar district heating in Denmark

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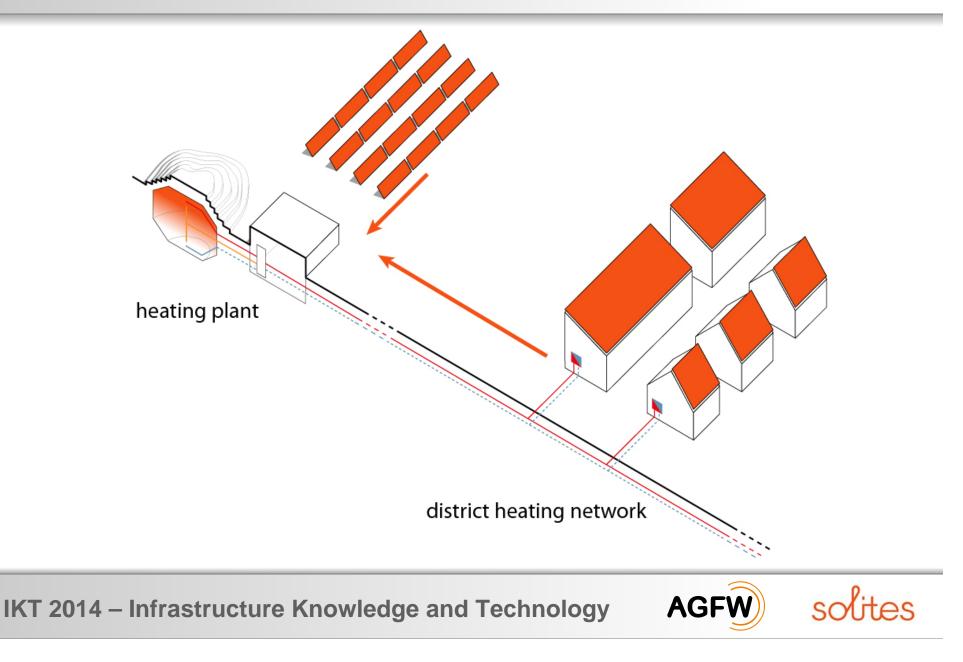
Integration of solar plants in district heating grids





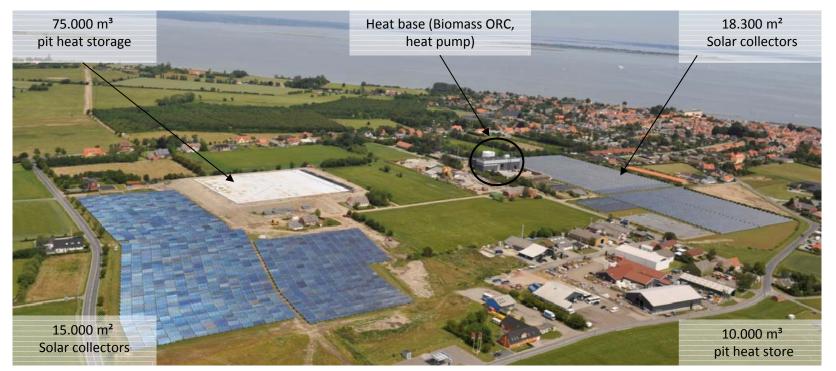
Central solar district heating plant





Centralised solar district heating in Denmark





Marstal District Heating, DK (2012)

Solar collector area:	33.300 m ²
Storage type:	85.000 m ³ pit heat store
Heat output:	31.996 MWh/a
Heat load:	32 GWh/a
Solar fraction:	55 %

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Central feed-in in district heating nets in Denmark



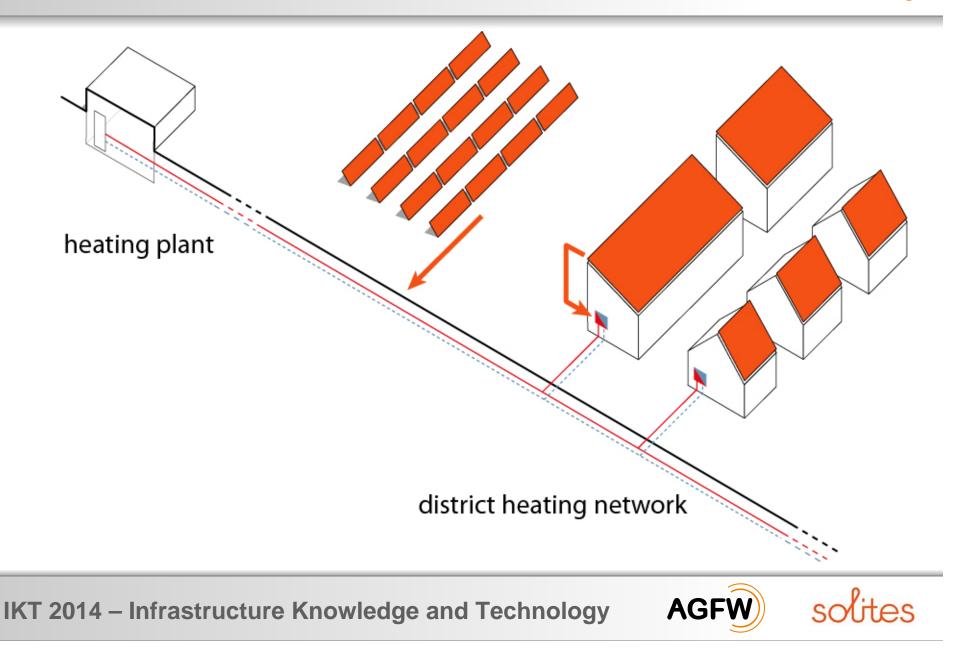






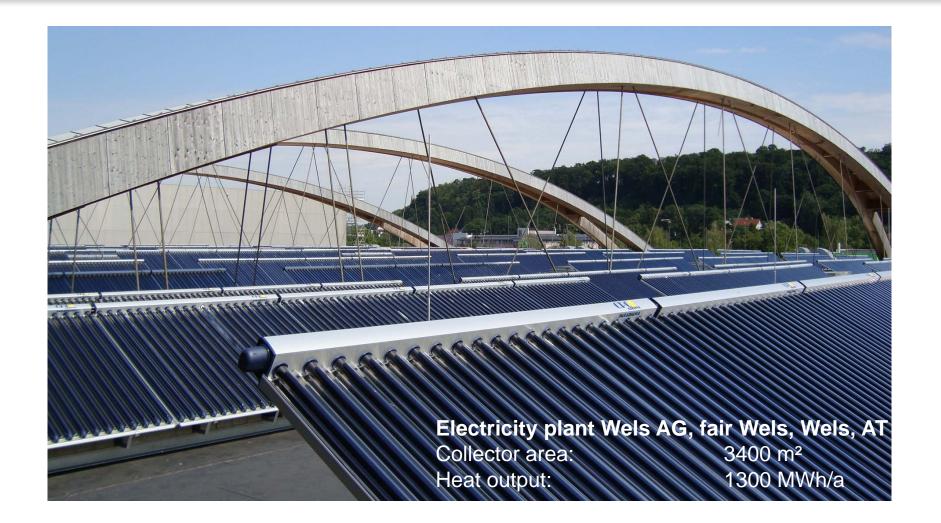
Distributed solar district heating plant (decentral feed-in)





Distributed Solar District Heating in Austria

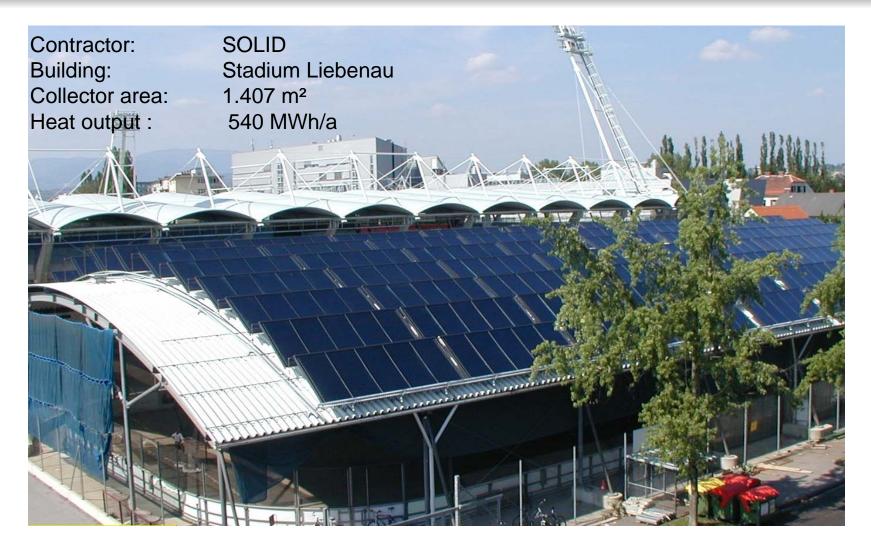






Decentral feed-in in the district heating net in Graz, Austria









Multifunction thermal energy storage



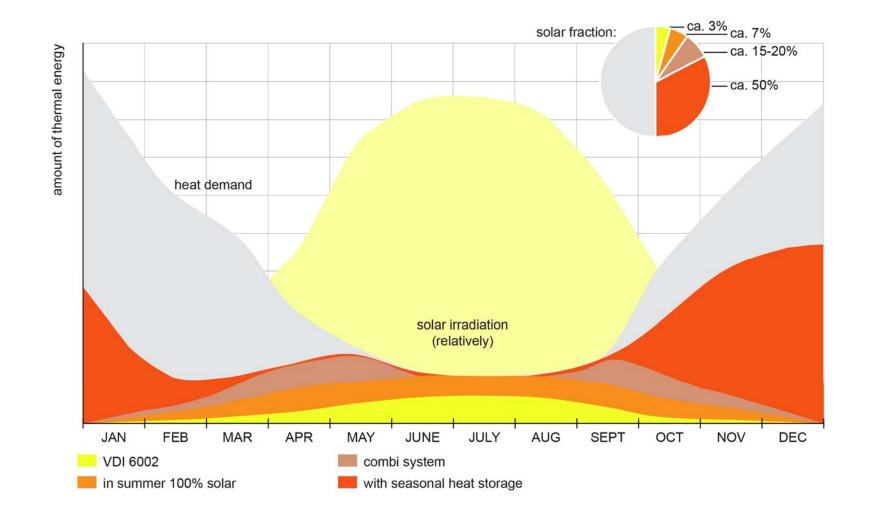


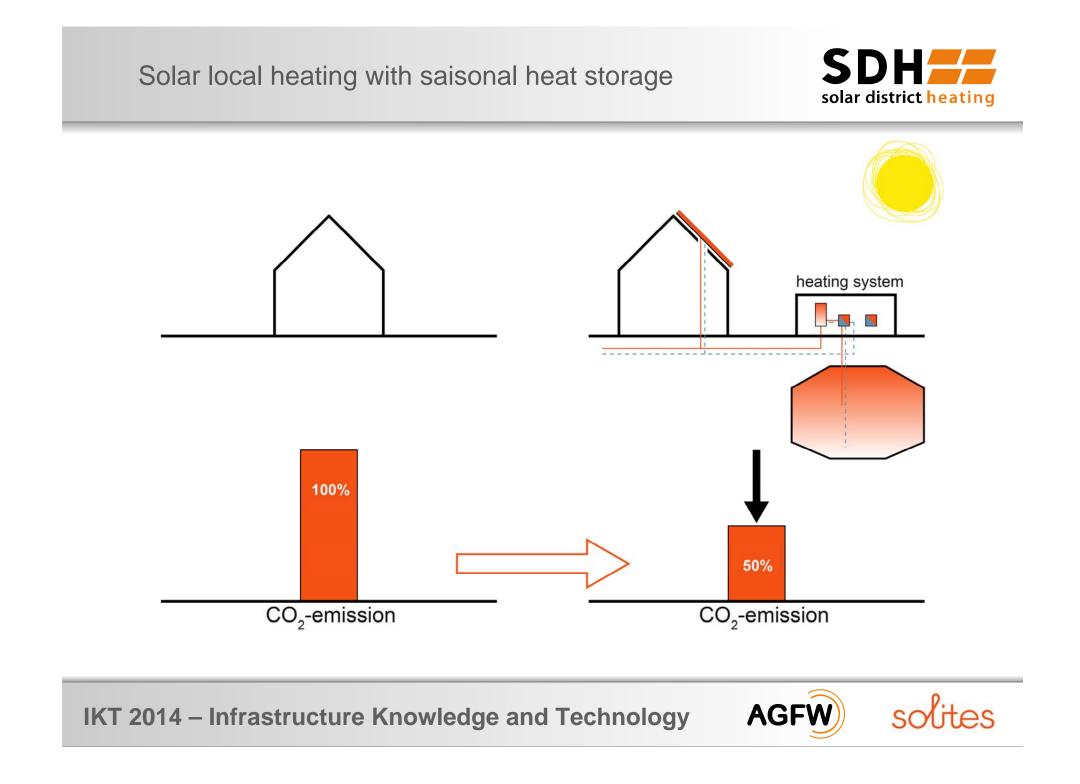
Heat demand and possible solar systems



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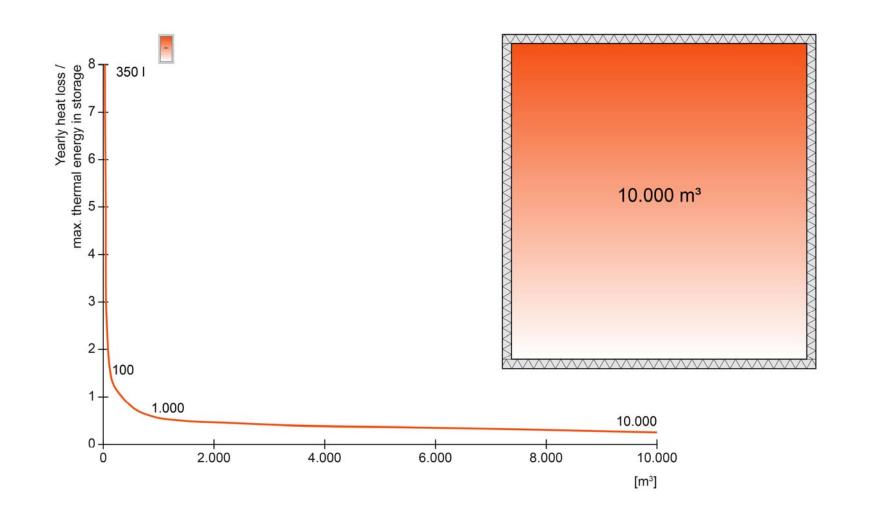




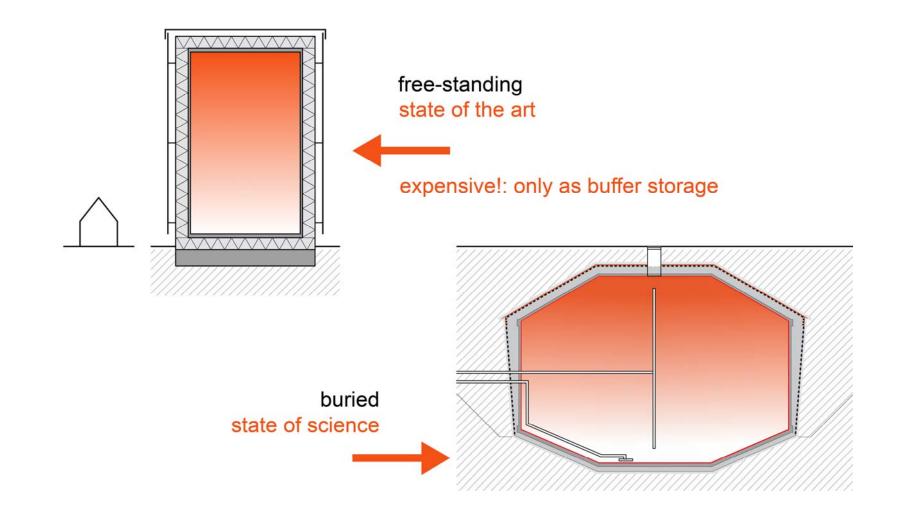


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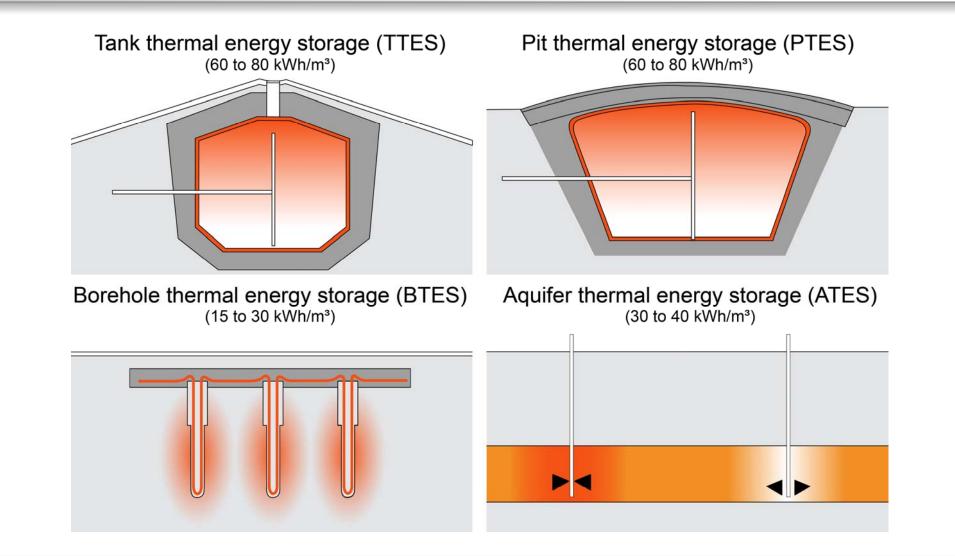


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Seasonal thermal energy storage (STES) - typology



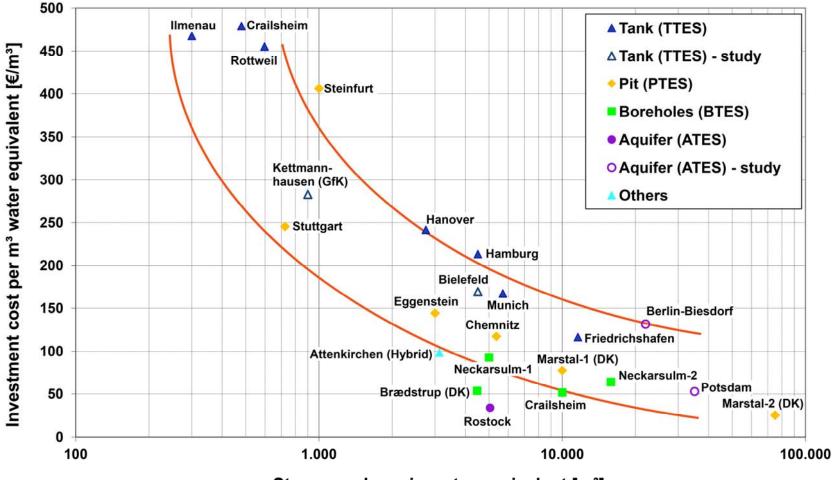


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Storage volume in water equivalent [m³]

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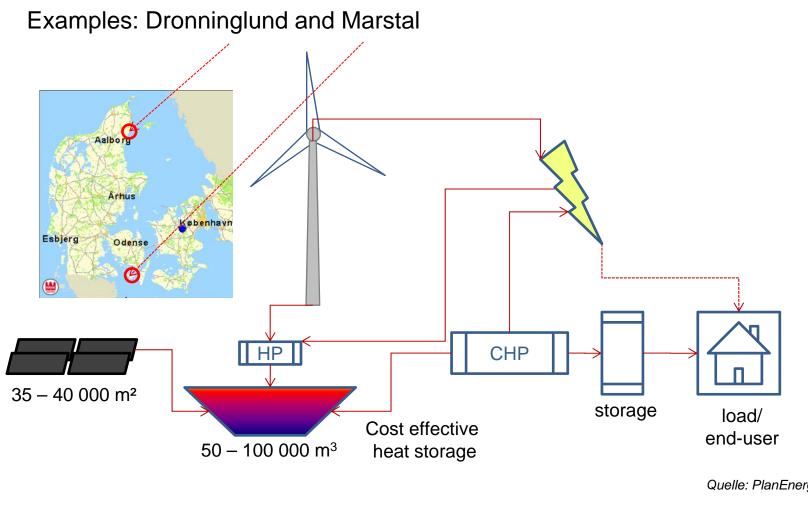
Smart District Heating





DK – Smart District Heating





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Quelle: PlanEnergi, DK

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Project results

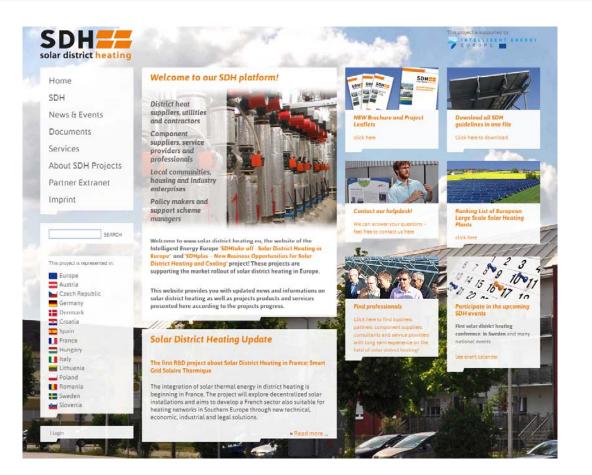




SDH-Website: www.solar-district-heating.eu



- Up-to-date news
- Market studies
- Plant data base
- SDH guidelines
- Workshops & training courses
- 'Find professionals'
- Contact points



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"A key success factor is the involvement of one or more local actors with know-how and interest in the implementation and demonstration of this technology. These are usually a municipality, local utilities, based manufacturer, or a combination of these actors. "





Project website: ww

Coordinator:

www.solar-district-heating.eu

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In cooperation with: AGFW

Der Energieeffizienzverband für Wärme, Kälte und KWK



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Questions and Answers



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thank you.

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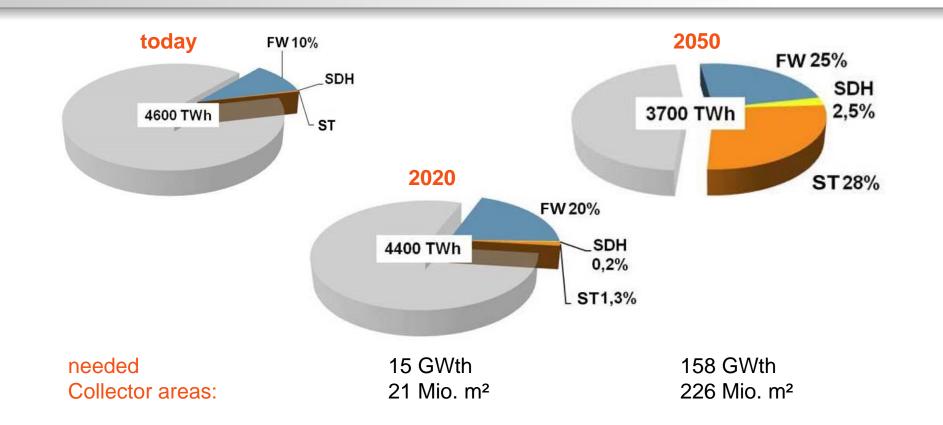
Market potentials

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Market potentials of the solar local and district heating (EU)





sources:

- Potential of Solar Thermal in Europe, AMD scenario, Weiss and Biermayr, 2009, www.estif.org

- District Heating and Cooling a vision towards 2020 2030 2050, DHC+ Platform, www.dhcplus.eu
 - 2010: Solar Thermal Markets in Europe, www.estif.org
 - 2020, 2050: Potential of Solar Thermal in Europe, AMD scenario, Weiss and Biermayr, 2009, www.estif.org

- 2010: Success Stories in Solar District Heating, www.solar-district-heating.eu

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In many cases replacing heat from CHP is neither economically nor ecologically recommendable or feasible!

A useful integration of solar thermal into district heating is given for cases where

- heating-only plants or peak load heating plants are replaced
- CHP is no more competitive as base load
- the CHP share is increased by using large heat stores for both CHP and solar
- specific RES heat shares or primary energy factors are required/requested
- new business models are applied
- CHP capacity limits are reached, e.g. with heating net extension or compression
- other CHP control strategies are relevant in the future.
- **—** ...

